

## 4-velocity $u^{\mu}$

 $u \cdot u = -1$ normalized

 $u^0 > 0$ 

future-pointing

any co-moving frame has  $e_0 = u$ 



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#### proper time $\tau$ :

its flow matches the coordinate time of the co-moving frame

interpretation: time measured by a moving perfect clock



$$d\tau = d\tilde{x}^0 \qquad \tilde{e}^{\mu}_0 = u^{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma \\ \gamma v^i \end{pmatrix}$$

 $x^{0} = \gamma \tilde{x}^{0} + \gamma \overrightarrow{v} \cdot \overrightarrow{\tilde{x}} \implies dx^{0} = \gamma d\tilde{x}^{0} = \gamma d\tau$ 

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$$x^{\mu}(\tau) \qquad \quad \frac{dx^{\mu}}{d\tau} = \frac{dx^{\mu}}{dx^{0}} \frac{dx^{0}}{d\tau} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\ v^{i} \end{pmatrix} \gamma = u^{\mu}$$

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natural parametrization related to 4-velocity



massive particle moving with constant velocity



massive particle moving with constant velocity

$$x^{\mu}(\tau) = a^{\mu} + \tau \, u^{\mu}$$



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$$x^{\mu}(\tau) = a^{\mu} + \tau \, u^{\mu}$$

reparametrization:

$$\tau \to \tilde{\tau} = \tau + D$$

$$a \to \tilde{a} = a - Du$$



## **4-momentum** particle of rest mass m $p^{\mu} := m u^{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma m \\ \gamma m v^{i} \end{pmatrix}$ $p \cdot p = -m^{2}$ total 4-momentum conserved by local forces



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small velocity limit  $v \ll 1$   $v_{old}/c \ll 1$ 

$$\gamma = (1 - \overrightarrow{v}^2)^{-1/2} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{v}^2 + O(v^3)$$

$$p^{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} m + \frac{1}{2}m\overrightarrow{v}^2 + O(v^3) \\ mv^i + O(v^3) \end{pmatrix}$$



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**4-momentum**  
particle of rest mass *m*  

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$$p \cdot p = -m^{2}$$
momentum  
total 4-momentum conserved by local  
forces

Re-introducing *c* 

$$p_{new}^{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} m + \frac{1}{2c^2} m \overrightarrow{v}_{old}^2 + O\left(\left(v_{old}/c\right)^3\right) \\ m v_{old}^i/c + O\left(\left(v_{old}/c\right)^3\right) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E_{old} = c^2 p^0 = mc^2 + \frac{1}{2}m\vec{v}_{old}^2 + O\left((v_{old}/c)^3\right)$$
$$p_{old}^i = c p^i = mv_{old}^i + O\left((v_{old}/c)^3\right)$$



## light rays (worldlines of photons)

$$x^{\mu}(\lambda) = a^{\mu} + \lambda \, l^{\mu} \qquad \qquad l \cdot l = 0$$

$$-(l^{0})^{2} + \sum_{i} l^{i} l^{i} = 0$$



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velocity = speed of light, i.e. 1

$$\frac{dx^{i}}{dx^{0}} = \frac{dx^{i}}{d\lambda} \cdot \frac{d\lambda}{dx^{0}} = \frac{l^{i}}{l^{0}}$$

$$\sum_{i} \frac{l^{i}}{l^{0}} \frac{l^{i}}{l^{0}} = 1$$

$$l^{0} = \sqrt{\sum_{i} l^{i} l^{i}}$$
...in any inertial frame!



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...in any inertial frame!

affine reparametrizations

$$\lambda \to \tilde{\lambda} = C\lambda + D$$
  
 $a \to \tilde{a} = a - Dl$   
 $l \to \tilde{l} = \frac{1}{C}l$ 

#### *l* not normalizable

 $\implies$  no 4-velocity or proper time for photons



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## photon's 4-momentum

$$p^{\mu} := \frac{E}{l^{0}} l^{\mu} \qquad p \cdot p = 0$$
$$p^{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} E \\ p^{i} \end{pmatrix} \qquad E = |\overrightarrow{p}|$$



light cones, causality



# light cones, causality $\Delta x^{\mu} \Delta x^{\nu} \eta_{\mu\nu} < 0$ timelikeInside the light coneWorldlines of massive particlesFuture/past distinction

$$\Delta x^{\mu} \, \Delta x^{\nu} \, \eta_{\mu\nu} = 0 \qquad \qquad \mathbf{nu}$$

The light cone

Points connected by light rays

Future/past distinction



 $\Delta x^{\mu} \Delta x^{\nu} \eta_{\mu\nu} > 0$  spacelike

Outside the light cone

No future/past distinction (somewhere else)

light cones, causality  $\Delta x^{\mu} \Delta x^{\nu} \eta_{\mu\nu} < 0 \qquad \text{timelike}$ Inside the light cone Worldlines of massive particles Future/past distinction

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No future/past distinction (somewhere else)

#### No superluminal interactions:

light cones, causality $\Delta x^{\mu} \Delta x^{\nu} \eta_{\mu\nu} < 0$ timelikeInside the light coneWorldlines of massive particlesFuture/past distinction

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The light cone

Points connected by light rays

Future/past distinction

no worldlines outside the light cone events outside past light cone cannot influence O O cannot influence events outside future light cone

## **Special relativity**

## End of lecture 1